

any people's lives revolve around earning a crust. That means they have to get to their place of work. To do this as cheaply and quickly as possible, the motorcycle shines. To-day more than ever, with crowded roads and escalating fuel prices, bikes make sense as pure transport.

Among the current crop of commuter bikes are three sweet little 250s, thinly disguised as mini-Harleys. Kawasaki has the Z250G single, the smallest bike in the LTD "chopper" range. The others are from Yamaha, the XS250SH twin and SR250H single.

These 250 Custom bikes make a marvellous starting point to motorcycling. In fact, even if you generally detest choppers, there are still valid reasons for buying one. Anyone suffering Duck's Disease (whose bum is too close to the ground) is a candidate, as are those who require a bike that is simple and cheap to operate.

Many bikes, even 250s, are unnecessarily tall. Not so with these three. Low seats are a key design feature. The XS just manages a seat height of 750mm, the two singles are even lower at 720mm. You don't appreciate the virtues of a low seat enough until you're tried

Reaching the ground comfortably is both a safety and convenience bonus. You're not likely to be caught with your legs dangling at the end of the driveway or on uneven terrain for one thing. Ease of manoeuvring and parking is worth a lot, too.

One point I particularly appreciated was the way I was able to recover easily from dicey situations.

I ran into one of those wet tram tracks snaking its way through Melbourne, and recovered easily by putting my feet down motocross style.

Economy is the other strong point of these bikes. Not just the miserly use of our precious fossil fuels, but also the low cost of service and maintenance.

The Engines

The SR powerplant is borrowed from the popular XT250 trail bike,

Our thanks to Tiziana Savaris, Debbie Wise and Lyn Walton for riding the bikes for photography - and posing with them.

Choppers

Yamaha SR 250 Kawasaki Z250G Yamaha XS Special

sporting an electric start rather than kick to avoid scaring off beginners. Capacity of 239cm3 is obtained from a very over-square motor with a bore of 73.5mm and stroke of 56.5mm.

Also relying solely on electric start, the longer stroke motor of the LTD at 70 × 64mm produces very good mid-range torque.



The XS powerplant might be overweight and underpowered, but it was the only one of the three that features a kickstart.



The LTD motor produced more midrange torque than either of the others. It was the most reliable starter, too.

Both the singles have similar motor characteristics, producing usable power from low revs and flattening out in the higher rev range. The LTD has a slight throttle lag at low revs, whereas the SR comes on tap whenever required. Once in motion, however, the LTD produces the best torque and hill climbing ability, particularly in the commonly used mid-range.

Single overhead cams, driven by chains, operate just two valves on each of the singles. Power is then transmitted through gear primary drives, through a wet multi-plate clutch and out to the chain driven rear wheel via a five speed gearbox in both cases.

Occasional false neutrals marred the LTD gearbox while the SR's box is smooth and quite faultless in operation.

Wooden spooner in the engine is definitely the XS twin. It lacks power and response in almost any gear, making it necessary to keep the engine buzzing away madly most of the time.

The XS motor is a fairly heavy 250 twin, once again running a single chain driven overhead cam. Because this motor lacks the torque of a single it is fitted with a six-speed gearbox with closer ratios. When working in hilly country or trying to keep up in heavy traffic, you find yourself playing "God Save the Queen" with the gear lever.

One saving grace is the retention of the kickstart (non-existent on the other two) in addition to the electric start.

Unlike the singles, which start hot or cold (choke when necessary) at the first stab of the magic button the XS is reluctant to fire up. Particularly when cold — thank God for the kickstart.

One other unfortunate feature of the twin is the vibration. The single cylinder engines were putting out enough vibes to make you aware of what the engine was doing, but they never felt as if they were overworked and underpaid. They even felt comfortable at times. The twin, however, was unpleasant, constantly buzzing through even the rubber mounted bars and footpegs and making the mirrors almost useless.

Handling and Suspension.

An area in which the XS shone was the ride. Because of its extra weight and upright riding position on a firm seat, it makes the rider feel

Commuter Choppers

.Yamaha

SR 250 H

..\$1463.95

.239 cm3

..8.9:1

Electric

.Gear

Chain

.140mm

.112 watt

.129 kg

1335mm

.145mm

.720mm

.10.7 litres

.1.6 litres

S111.14

.\$314.88

Cornering

Steering

Front forks

Headlight

Rear shocks

.40/50 watt

Oiled foam rubber

.29 degrees 45'/121mm

Flexible indicator stalks.

73.5 × 56.5mm

.VS 34 Mikuni

.No Tachometer

.Wet Multi-plate

..Transistorized Ignition

.Telescopic fork-oil damped

.Single Leading Shoe Drum

.Single Leading Shoe Drum

Twin shocks, 5 way adjustable

secure. It isn't as quick in handling or steering as either of the singles. but is more stable and predictable. It helps that the suspension hasn't suffered in the name of economics as badly as on the singles. It copes very well solo, but is still only just satisfactory two up. The bike tends to wallow.

Yamaha SR 250

Price (plus on-road charges):.

Specifications

Bore × stroke:

Displacement:

Transmission

Primary drive

Suspension

Final drive:

Travel:

Travel:

Brakes

Front:

Rear:

General

Headlight:.

Lubrication

Dimensions

Wheelbase:

Seat height:

Oil capacity

Performance

Range per tank:..

*** See page 70.

Sample spares cost*:

Sample crash cost**:

Rake/trail:

Weight (full tank):

Ground clearance:

Fuel capacity (inc. reserve):.

Braking distance: 60 km/h to zero:.....13.9 m Fuel consumption: 29.5 km/lit 3.35 lit/100 km

Test bike supplied by:.....Milledge, Mulgrave

Plus:Fuel economy, low seat, low weight.

Good upright seating position. Snail-cam chain

adjusters. Dog-leg clutch and brake levers.

.....No trip meter or tachometer. Bad

pillion seating. Poor horn. Soft forks.

Air filter:

Electrical output:

Rear:

Number of gears:

Carburetion

lanition:

Redline:

Starting:.

Compression ratio:.

Make:..

Model:

Engine

Both front and rear shocks on the LTD are a trifle soft, and not satisfactory on anything less than good bitumen roads.

You'd almost swear that you can hear the fish swimming in the front forks of Yamaha's SR, the oil is so thin. The rear shocks aren't much firmer, making the bike almost dangerous for any serious pillion

work. Despite this, one up the SR still gives the most confidence and control over rough roads.

Pull back bars and seating position tend to make the bikes a bit vague at the front-end. Sitting upright, rather than over the handlebars as on many bikes, does give a very good command of the situation in traffic.

The riding position makes relaxed putting along the road a real buzz.

Kawasaki 7.250G ____

Make: Kawasa Model: Z 250 G (LTE Price (plus on-road charges): \$1484.9 Engine Bore × stroke: 70 × 64mi Displacement: 246 cm Compression ratio: 8.9 Carburetion: 32mm C.V. Keih Ignition: Transistorized Ignitic Redline: 9,000 rp. Starting: Electr Transmission Number of gears: Clutch: Wet Multi-plat Primary drive: Gerinal drive: Cha Suspension Front: Telescopic forks-oil dampe Travel: 150mi Rear: Twin shocks, 5 way adjustable springs oil dampe Travel: 92mi Brakes Front: Twin Leading Shoe Drun Rear: Single Leading Shoe Drun Rear: Single Leading Shoe Drun Rear: Single Leading Shoe Drun General Electrical output: 140 wa Air filter: Pape Lubrication: Wet sum Dimensions Weight (full tank): 137 k Wheelbase: 1335mi Ground clearance: 145mi Seat height: 720mi Fuel capacity (inc. reserve): 8 litre Oil capacity: 1.4 litre Rake/trail: 29 degrees/106mi Performance Braking distance: 60 km/h to zero: 13.7mi Fuel consumption: 29 km/lit 3.45 lit/100 k Range per tank: 230 k Sample spares cost*: \$84.5 Sample crash cost**: 333.2	1100000001775	
Model:	Specifications	Vaugaaki
Engine Bore × stroke:	Madali	7 250 C /L TD
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Compression ratio:		
Compression ratio:	Displacement:	246 cm3
Carburetion:	Compression ratio:	8.9:1
Ignition:	Carburetion: 32	mm C.V. Keihin
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Range per tank: 230 k Sample spares cost*: \$84.5	Fuel consumption:29 km/lit	3.45 lit/100 km
Sample spares cost*: \$84.5		
Sample crash cost**: 333.2		
333 9	Sample crash cost**	\$84.51
7		333.25

Summing up Cornering clearance High speed stability Engine responsiveness Smoothness Bottom end power Medium range power Top end power uel economy Clutch operation Gearbox operation Brake effectiveness ade resistance Quality of finish *** See page 70. Riding position Seat comfort Plus: Fuel economy, low seat, low weight. Pillion comfort Good looks and exhaust note. Very reliable Touring range starter. Quiet, torquey motor. Minus:..No starter lock as on larger Kawasaki models. Poor headlight. Value for money

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The vagueness (particularly obvious on the LTD) probably wouldn't be noticeable unless you have been brought up on more conventional bikes.

The SR offers the best compromise with high, wide bars that don't form a sharp angle with your wrists. They are also slightly further forward, shifting the weight forward and giving better control.

Kawasaki has gone just a little too



Summing up	errible	Poor	verage	poo	rilliant
Cornering	T	P	Á	9	B
Cornering clearance	+			938	H
Steering	+	200		BEATS.	H
High speed stability	6	100			H
Front forks	-	BI			
Rear shocks		1	NE.		
Engine responsiveness					
Smoothness					
Bottom end power			疆		
Medium range power				911	Г
Top end power		SIN			
Fuel economy					
Clutch operation					
Gearbox operation					
Brake effectiveness					
Fade resistance					
Quality of finish				1	Г
Riding position		5			
Seat comfort					
Pillion comfort					
Touring range			0		
Headlight					
Value for money					

far with its bars and you tend to slouch into the seat to avoid being poked in the ribs by their ends while

Yamaha's SR feels more like a pushbike than a small motorbike with its narrow frame and crankcase. This gives excellent ground clearance and makes the bike a breeze to toss from side to side, or even to change line midway through a corner. The even narrower LTD comes close in this respect as

Yamaha XS Special

Specifications
Make: Yamaha Model: XS 250 SH (Special) Price (plus on-road charges): \$2028.95
Engine Bore × stroke: 55 × 52.4mm Displacement: 248 cm3 Compression ratio: 9.6:1
Carburetion: 2 × BS 32 (s.u. type) Ignition: Points Redline: .9,000 r.p.m. Starting: .Electric and kick
Transmission Number of gears: 6 Clutch: Wet Multi-plate Primary drive: Gear Final drive: Chain
Suspension Front:Telescopic Forks-oil damped Travel:140mm Rear:.Twin shocks, 5 way adjustable springs-oil damped
Travel:80mm

	Single leading shoe drum
General	
Electrical output:	188 watt
Headlight:	45/45 watt
Air filter:	Dry foam rubber
Lubrication:	Wet sump
Dimensions	
Weight (full tank):	176 kg
Wheelbase:	1375mm
Ground clearance	:140mm
Seat height:	750mm
Fuel capacity (inc.	. reserve):14 litres
Oil capacity:	2.3 litres
Rake/trail:	27 degrees 30'/87mm
Performance	
	60 km/h to zero:15 m

	Rake/trail:		
F	Performance Braking distance: 60 km uel consumption:22	.2 km/lit 4.6 lit	/100 km
5	Range per tank: Sample spares cost*:		\$178.08
-	Sample crash cost**:		

l est bike st	upplied	by:	Milledge,	Mulgrave
AND DESCRIPTION OF	-	of the latest and the		

*** See page 70.

Plus:Accurate, easy to read instruments, night or day. Dog-leg clutch and brake levers. Well positioned switches. Minus:.....Mirrors useless above 4,000 rpm. Lacking of power and torque. Difficult starting. hot or cold. High weight.

well. The only thing that will throw these bikes is a large dip or bump mid-way through a quick corner, when the instability is annoying without being dangerous.

Wheels and Brakes

All the bikes run 18" tyres on the front and 16" on the rear, following the chopper tradition.

They were all fitted with the sort of tyres that we'd thought had disappeared years ago.

Yamaha runs cast aluminium 'mags" on the XS, utilising a no-fade single disc and a single leading shoe drum brake at the rear.

Kawasaki also fit mags to the sweet little LTD, with a drum rear brake and a twin leading shoe drum brake at the front. These show little fade even with constant use.

One hassle was the rain running down the fork tubes and into the front brake, making it quite useless. Talking to other owners (and Kawasaki) suggested that our bike was unique in this respect.

The SR is one of a minority of road bikes still using wire wheels, which helps with the overall feeling of lightness of the bike.

I must admit to being surprised at its braking ability. The single leading shoe brakes are small diameter and only half width, like those on trail bikes, but don't be deceived by appearances. Both brakes had

Summing up	errible	oor	Average	poo	rilliant
Cornering	T	0	4	0	B
Cornering clearance					Н
Steering					
High speed stability					
Front forks					Г
Rear shocks					
Engine responsiveness		M			Г
Smoothness	NA.				
Bottom end power		THE REAL PROPERTY.			
Medium range power			9		
Top end power					
Fuel economy					
Clutch operation					Г
Gearbox operation					Г
Brake effectiveness		A.			
Fade resistance					
Quality of finish				100	
Riding position			(de		
Seat comfort					
Pillion comfort	- 6				
Touring range					
Headlight		8			
Value for money					

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Commuter Choppers

Kawasaki's little beauty. It drew puzzled and even half-way approving looks from a couple of Harley riders - admittedly, with a lady on board.

reasonable feel and enough power to make the wheels chatter or lock under extra hard braking.

The brakes on this bike gave the most stability and control under all circumstances. In straight line braking they didn't guite match the LTD, and they were the only brakes to fade after constant use.

Maintenance

As these bikes are aimed partly at the economy market, home maintenance is an important consideration. All the handbooks are well laid-out, clearly explaining necess-

Cost cutting hasn't gone as far as leaving centrestands off any of the bikes. All the stands are very conveniently positioned and easy to use, as are the side stands.

Too heavy and too complicated, the XS still impressed in a number of ways. It was also the only one of the bikes that one of our lady riders wanted to buy!

The SR single leads in ease of maintenance. The bike is fitted with snail-cam chain adjusters which are extremely easy to use, with clearly marked indexes to keep the wheels aligned. There are also marks on the back of the exhaust baffle-box to indicate the optimum chain freeplay.

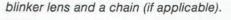
Both the SR and the LTD offer simple design with everything easily accessible.

The twin is more crowded, making access difficult. Many parts come in pairs too, of course. Another black mark is that this bike continues to run points ignition rather than no-fuss transistorised ignition as on the others.

Yamaha's little econobike. If there's a winner in this comparo, the SR is it.

THERE'S MORE to the cost of running a bike than just the purchase price. To help you get some idea of how much it will cost to keep a particular bike on the road, we have made up two theoretical "baskets" of spares - one including a general selection of spares, the other simulating a moderately serious

pads/linings, a full set of globes, (except instrument lights), a



*This is how much the spares would cost if you were repairing the bike after a 60 km/h crash, with the bike falling on its righthand side. Obviously, the actual parts to be replaced will vary.

All prices are recommended retail at time of test. What you *This price includes an oil filter, an air filter, a full set of brake actually get charged is up to the dealer, so do the usual thing shop around!









General

When parked with other bikes, the singles looked like toys. People of slight build or stature would make a bee-line for them and marvel at the low seats. Some were cheeky enough to straddle them! They would nod in appreciation when they could reach the ground with flat feet and bent knees. The gods of motorcycling hadn't forgotten them after all!

All controls are easy to reach and use and the dog-leg control levers fitted to the Yamahas are a dream people with small hands. The XS is the only one of the three fitted with self-cancelling blinkers, giving the novice one less thing to worry about.

Despite the out and out spartan approach of the SR, which doesn't even get a tacho or trip meter, I found it my first choice out of the little choppers. The absolute ease of operation allows more time to enjoy and survive on the road.

Another factor was the optimum seating/handlebar relationship, giving a comfortable upright position in traffic. Add to this the servicing ease and you have the ultimate economy commuter.

The LTD has the appealing looks and drew more attention than the SR, which is just a bit too bland to cause even a ripple. The LTD has a beautiful tank (which will eventually find its way onto other, larger choppers), is very narrow and manoeuvrable and is just as economical on fuel as the SR. The exhaust note is more pleasing and this, combined with the stylish appearance, made it feel like "a bike" rather than just a commuting machine.

For those who like a bike that looks and feels more like a big bike, but is still closer to terra-firma than most, the XS twin is just the ticket. Despite other virtues, the engine let it down.

In conclusion.

The XS seems to suffer an identity crisis. It does appeal to some people, but is neither a "real" chopper nor a convenient commuter.

If you want a bike for completely utilitarian reasons; if you're subsidised by the Department of Social Security; or if you're after a bike that spells utter simplicity — than get the Yamaha SR 250. If you want something more stylish, look at the Kawasaki. And if you must have a kick starter - there's always the XS.





Touring Story Competition

Win a Nolan helmet and a set of leathers!

IKE is looking for the best touring stories around! Every month, we'll choose one story to publish in the magazine — and the lucky author will not only get paid for it, but will also win a Nolan helmet! The best story of the year will be picked in December, and will win a full set of superb leathers as well!

ust send us the story of your trip (preferably typed) and colour slides, black & white prints or drawings to illustrate it (no colour prints, please) and you're in the running for the helmet and the leathers. It doesn't matter where you went — to South America, to the Centre or just into the bush for the long weekend. If the story's good enough, we'll print it!

